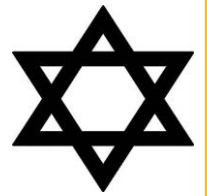


RE Year 2

Judaism



Origins: Jewish history begins with the covenant established between God and Abraham around 1812 BC in the Middle East. Abraham is considered the father of the family of Jews.

Key Vocabulary



Special Items:

- Menorah: a special candle stick used at Hanukkah.
- Mezuzah: a decorative case containing the Torah.
- Star of David
- Tallit
- Menorah
- Kippah



RE GOLDEN WORDS:
Symbolise

Represent

Belief

Key Facts Learnt



- Jews believe that there is a single God who not only created the universe, but with whom every Jew can have an individual and personal relationship.
- That the star of David is a symbol for the Jewish faith.
- That Judaism has many similarities with Christianity.
- Tallit is a special shawl worn by Jewish men to help them pray.
- Jewish people believe in the 10 commandments.
- Hanukkah is a Jewish festival which celebrates the Maccabees defeating Antiochus. They found a tiny bit of oil to light the menorah but it was a miracle and the light lasted 8 days.
- That the Torah is a book which is so important that when Jews have got to the end, they read it all again.
- The Torah contains rules from God on how we should live.
- The Torah should be treated with respect and is kept carefully in a Mezuzah.

Sacred Places:

- Synagogue: Jewish place of worship and study.
- Jerusalem: the holy City for



Key Vocabulary:

- Hebrew: the language of the Torah.

Sacred Text:

- Torah: the sacred scroll which is the first five books of the Hebrew Bible.



Major Festivals:

- Hanukkah



Special People:

- Rabbi: a Jewish leader or teacher
- Moses: a great leader and teacher of Jewish history
- Abraham