Science - Year 3 - Biology Plants



Key Vocabulary



roots
stem
leaves
flowers
nutrients
evaporation
fertilisation
petal
stamen
carpel (pistil)
sepal
pollination
germination
seed dispersal

Science GOLDEN WORDS:

prediction

measurements

conclusion

explain

dassify

Key Facts

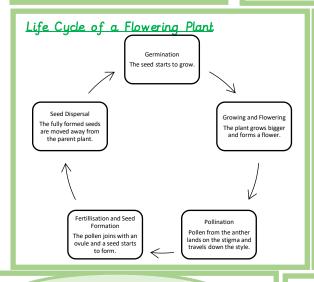


- Different parts of flowering plants have different functions such as transporting water or producing flowers.
- The requirements plants have for life and growth can vary from plant to plant.

Parts of Flowering Plant flower leaves stem

Water Transport

- 1. The roots absorb water from the soil.
- 2. The stem transports water to the leaves.
- 3. Water evaporates from the leaves.
- 4. This evaporation causes more water to be sucked up the stem. The water is sucked up the stem like water being sucked up through a straw.



Seed Dispersal

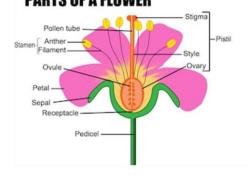
Seeds can be dispersed by:

- water
- shaking
- dropping
- carrying
- eating
- bursting

Key Facts

- The flower's job is to create seeds so that new plants can be grown.
- Fertilisation is when the male and female parts of the flower have mixed in order to make seeds for new plants.

PARTS OF A FLOWER



Our 'Plants' knowledge journey:

YI: identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants.

Y2: observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. Find out and describe what plants need.

Working Scientifically:

- asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them.
- setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.
- recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables.
- identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes.